remont Lournal ISAAC M. REELER, Editor. FREMONT: OHIO. Friday, November 11, 1864. PRESIDENTS THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION. throughout the land which it has pleased him to assign as a dwelling place for ourselves and our prosperity throughout all generations. In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the scal of the United States to

And promising, you know; But then he made a great mistake And found it would not go. It has pleased Almighty God to spare our National life another year, defending us with His guardian care against unfriendly designs from abroad, and vouchsafing to us in his mercy many signal victories over the enemy who is of our own household. It has also pleased our Heavenly Father to favor as well our citizens in their Oh, no, we never mention him, His name is never heard, Compared to whom Napoleon Was reckoned quite absurd He once was great on Strategy, And keptan Anaconda.
But when it died, he dug a hole
And buried it out yonder.
Away by Chickahemony ly Father to favor as well our citizens in their homes as our soldiers in their camps and our sailors on the seas with unusual health. He has largely augmented our free population by emancipation and by immigration, while he has opened to us new sources of wealth, and has crowned the labor of working men in every department of industry with abundant reward.—Moreover He has been pleased to animate and inspire our minds and hearts with fortitude, courage, and resolution sufficient for the great trial of civil war into which we have been brought by our adherance as a nation to the cause of freedom and humanity and to afford to us reasonable hopes of an ultimate and happy deliverance from all our danger and affictions.

Now, therefore, I, Abraham Liucoln, President of the United States, do hereby appoint and set apart the last Thursday in November next, as a day which I desire to be observed by all my fellow-citizens, wherever they may then be, as He was a mighty digger, The king of Spades, a Democrat, And down upon the nigger.
Oh, no, we never mention him, His name is never heard, There seems a kind of reticence About that little word. From bar to bar we travel round, To banish our regret, And smile, and smile, and smile again, In order to forget. We often mention Farragut, Du Pont and Porter too; But never speak of Little - Of Little-you know who, Oh, no, we never mention him, fellow-citizens, wherever they may then be, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer to Almighty God, the beneficient Creator and Ruler of the His name is never heard, He's hopped the twig of politics; universe: and I do further commend to my fellow-citizens aforesaid, that on that occasion they do reverently humble themselves in the dust, and from thence offer up penitent and fervent prayers and supplications to the Great Disposer of events for a return of the inestimable blessings of peace, union and harmony He got seduced by crafty men, Who slapped him on the back, And said we'll make a President Of - no, I've lost the knack Of uttering that little word, I cannot get it out; And yet we used to see his name Once blazened all about. Oh, no, we never mention him, His name is never heard, He's dead and buried, so he is; Hie jacet, little bird. In wide oblivion's dimmest nook

Done at the City of Washington, this 20th day of October, in the year of our Lord, 1864, and of the Independence of the United States the eighty-ninth. ABRAHAM, LINCOLN. By the President:

WM. H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

THE GRAND RESULT. ABRAHAM LINCOLN is re-elected! Thank God! He has triumphantly carried nearly every loyal State in the Union. His majorities are large and crushing. The people have endorsed his Administration with a unanimity never before witnessed. They have spoken in thundertones that the Rebellion must be put down; that the Union must be maintained; that the sum of all villanies, Slavery, must be wiped out; and that this people must become the greatest and freest of any on the earth. Henceforth our course must be onward and upward, and our Government administered in accordance with the Declaration of Independence and the will

Below will be found the gordian list of State that have voted in favor of honest old Abe, with their approximate majorities:

of the number one;	Lincoln's Maj. Elec	to't Vote
Maine L.	22,000	7
New Hampshire	3,000	5
Vermont; 0220	30,000	5 12
Massachusetts	50,000	12
Rhode Island	5,000	4
Connecticut	3,000	1 5 L
New York	10,000	33
Pennsylvania		26
Maryland	5,000	arm To
Ohio	40,000	21
Indiana	30,000	13
Illinois	10,000	16
Michigan	8,000	. 8
Wisconsin	12,000	184
Lowa	25,000	-1-8-
Minnesota	5,000	midtale.
West Virginia	8,000	p 5
Totals	CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE P	177
		Consultation Co.

To this list must be added the following State which we believe have voted for him; California,

These three States have an aggregate Electoral vote of 14, which added to the above gives Mr. Lincoln 191 Electoral Votes, Kentucky, New Jersey, and Delaware, having 21 votes, have voted for McClellan, leaving Missouri doubtful, and Nevada not heard from. Mr. Lincoln will have an aggregate majority of near 300,000 on the home vote, which will be swelled to over 400,000 by the soldiers' vote,

. The Result in Sandusky County. The following is the result of the vote for President in Sandusky county: Ballville 19

Green Greek105

 Sandusky
 83

 York
 163

 Townsend
 37

 Riley This gives McClellan 295 majority-which is

Ohio Statesman, but latterly editor of the Crisis, died at Columbus on Monday afternoon last a Copperhead gain of 121 over the October about 5 o'clock. His health had been bad for election in the county. several months. SANDUSKY TOWNSHIP. The Union majority in Sandusky Township. We have received a letter from John W Hutchinson, dated Atlanta, Oct. 30th, from which we make the following extract:

is 84-which is 77 less than it was at the October election. There were 76 more votes polled than at the October election. We are not much isappointed in the result, as our canvass showed but 100 Union majority if there should be a full vote. Last fall the Union majority was 55 -so that we have a gain of 29 in the township. We have done well, and if anybody feels bad it is not the Union men.

OUT OF THE WOODS. Yesterday, in accordance with the law, the poll books of the October election were opened, and canvassed. The entire Union County ticket is elected by majorities ranging from 87 to 166. The following is the vote: FOR CONGRESS.

Buckland's Majority 110 FOR RECORDER. POR COMMISSIONER POOR HOUSE DIRECTORS. FOR CORENOR. David Morton 9032 W. M. Harrison 1888

that plants in Mac's pillow full many a thorn, that will pierce to the quick like the pointed horn, that toss'd up the dog that chew'd up the rat that ate the mait that lay in the house that Loff built There were only 17 soldiers' votes for Noble, and only 7 for the Copperhead county ticket .-The Union majority on the State ticket is about the same as that on Member of Congress.

WEST VIRGINIA. The State and Congressional elections in West Virginia have proved to be decided Union victories. The following named persons, all Union, have been elected:

Governor Arthur J. Boreman.
Secretary of State Granville T. Hall.
Auditor James McWhorter.
Treasurer Campbell Tarr.
Attorney-General Ephraim B. Hall.
Congress, 1st district. C. D. Hubbard.
2d district. Joseph Snyder.
3d district. George R. Latham.

Good, if True. A Washington dispatch states that Gen. Mc- dred votes of tieing the General; politically Clellan on Tuesday night last sent into the War Moses is in the wilderness, and at the rate Department his resignation as Major General in of progress he makes, will be more than the United States Army. If so, the fact shows that he at least has the sense to appreciate the variet of the American people.

Ohronicle.

Charles and course were he

OH, NO, WE NEVER MENTION HIM. A SONG WHICH IS NOW YERY POPULAR. Oh, no, we never mention him, His name is never heard;

For loyal lips decline to speak

That once familiar word. We talk of Lincoln, Sheridan

Of Sherman and of Grant: But O, there is another name

Of which the public can't.

He was a very nice young man

A shingle marks the place,

Disturb the humble bed

Bearing this misspelt epitaph:
O, "Regisat in Peace."
Yes, Rest in Peace, let no rude hand

Of this here foolish, nice young man, This "copperhead" Copperhead.

THE UNION PYRAMID.

OHIO!

MAINE!

ILLINOIS !

INDIANA!

VERMONT!

MICHIGANI

NEW YORK! MARYLAND

MINNESOTA

PENNSYLVANIA! NEW HAMPSHIRE

MASSACHUSETTSI

RHODE ISLANDS

M CERLLAN PYRYMID.

Delaware.

New Jersey

more deserving at the hands of the people.

STATE ELECTIONS.

Legislative and other local officers:

New York.

Delaware,

Michigan,

Kansas, Maryland.

New Jersey,

Massachusetts, Missouri,

The following States held their State elec-

les of the down,

The Territories of Colorado and Idaho als

held their elections, on that day, for Delegate

They Look Grim, but Keep Quiet.

Their feelings they cannot express, But they are mighty strong nevertheless.

THE DRAFTED MEN.

"The drafted men of the 9th Congression

THE HOUSE THAT JEFF BUILT.

Some genius in Cleveland has got off the

at that eat the rat that ate malt that lay in the

house that Jeff built.
"Order of Sons of Liberty".—This is the maiden all feriors that was gored by the ox with the pointed horn that tossed up the dog all tattered torn that barked at the cat that caught the rat that ale the mait that lay in the house that Jeff

Vallandigham-This is the Priest all shaver

and shorn that married the maiden all forlorn, to Seymour's Peace Party, all tattered and torn that was gored by the ex with pointed horn that

tossed up the dog that barked at the cat that tormented the rat that ate the malt that lay in

Ides of November-This is the cock that crow ed in the morn to wake up the Priest all shaven and shorn, that married the maiden all forlorn,

KENTUCKY.

the house that Jeff built.

following neat parody of an old story:

McClellan-This is the rat that

use that Jeff built.

Chicago Platform-This is the he

are grim and sour, but say nothing:

Wisconsin.

Minnesota,

Kentucky

THE COLORED PROPLE. I have usid the speech of Gov. Johnson, dilavered to the colored population of Nashville on Monday night was one of the most, remarkable to which it was ever my fortune to inten. The time, the pure, the circumstances, the audience, the main, all combined to make a favorable impression upon a spectator's mind. The time was the fourth year of the rebellion;

the eve of a great political contest which was to determine for all time whether freedom or slave-

President, soon to be re-chosen are known to be in exact accord, and who from the position he holds, represents more than any other man save Lincoln the power and majesty of the republic—this man, standing before the audience of trembling, crouching bondsmen—tore in pieces the last lingering excuse for outrage and wrong; threw from him the dishonered and dishonerable fragments and planting himself squarely upon the principles of justice and eternal right, declared that so far as he was concerned there should henceforth be no compromise with slave—strong to the followed these words. Joy beamed in which followed these words. Joy beamed in every countenance. Tears and laughter followed these words and laughter followed these words and laughter followed these words. Joy beamed in every countenance. Tears and laughter followed these words and laughter followed these words and laughter followed these words. Joy beamed in every countenance. Tears and laughter followed these words and laughter followed these words. Joy beamed in the followed these words and laughter followed these words and laughter followed these words and laughter followed these words. Joy beamed in the followed these words and laughter followed these words and laughter followed these words and laughter followed these words. Joy beamed in the followed these words and laughter followe President, soon to be re-chosen are known to be in exact accord, and who from the position he At lingering excuss.

Are from him the dishonered and there from him the dishonered and the principles of justice and eternal right, declared that so far as he was concerned there should henceforth be no compromise with slavery snywhere; but that the hour had come when worth and merit, without regard to birth and color, should be the standard by which to judge the value of a man.

THE CROWD.

THE CROWD.

THE CROWD.

THE CROWD.

THE CROWD.

The great Tribune descended from the steps of the capitol. As if by magic the dense throng parted to let him through. And all that night long his name was mingled with the curses and execrations of the traitor and oppressor, and with blessings of the oppressed and poor.

Y. S.

him. I have said that he spoke from the steps leading up from the street (Cedar) to the State House yard. In front the street was filled up by a mass of human beings so closely compacted together that they seemed to compose one vast body, no part of which could move without moving the whole—The State House yard itself, crowd, torches and transparencies, closely gathered together near the speaker, cast a ruddy glow; and so far as the light extended, the crowd could be seen either way stretching up and

I had heard cheers and shouts long before when at last I succeeded in getting close to the spot where he stood, a dead silence prevailed, unbroken save by the speaker's voice. I listened closely, and these as far as my memory serves me, were the wonderful words:

Negative—Von have all consist of 20 Union men to 13 Copperheads. Union men to 13 Copperheads. Union majority 157; gain 6. House of Representatives, 64 Union, 36 copperhead. Last year 53 Union, 47 Copperhead. Union majority on joint ballot this year 35. Union majority last year 7—a min of 28 members of the Legislature.

heard of the President's Proclamation, by which he announced to the world that the slaves in a large portion of the seceded States were thenceforth and forever free. For certain rea-sons, which seemed wise to the President, the benefit of that Proclamation did not extend to you or to your native State. Many of you consequently were left in bondage. The task master's scourge was not yet broken, and the fetters still galled your limbs. Gradually this iniquity has been passing away; but the hour has come when the last vestiges of it must be removed.— Consequently, I, too, without reference to the President orany other person, have a proclama-tion to make; and, standing here upon the steps of the Capitol, with the past history of the State to witness, the present condition to guide, and its future to encourage me, I, Andrew Johnson, do hereby proclaim freedom, full, broad and un-

COL. WM. H. GIBSON.

One of the best speeches we have listened to during the campaign was delivered by Col. W. H. Gibson, late of the 49th, O. V. V. I., at Birchard Hall on Monday evening last. For two hours and a half he held the crowded audience, almost electrified by his elequence, and was reached; and then the scene which followed beggars all description. One simultaneous roar of approval and delight burst from three thousand throats. Flags, banners, torches and transparencies, were waved wildly over the throng, or flung aloft in the ecstacy of joy.—Drums, fifes and trumpets added to the uproar, and the mighty tumult of this great mass of human beings rejoicing for their race, woke up the slumbering echoes of the capital, wibrated throughout the length and breadth of the city, rolled over the sluggish waters of the Cumberland, and rang out far into the night beyond. dience, almost electrified by his elequence, and the carnest, truthful statements of the inception of the rebellion, and the conduct of the war to the present time. There are few men in Ohio who have labored for the Union with better effect than Colonel G., and none that are

ions on Tuesday last, for State, Congressional ANDERW JOHNSON'S AGRARIANISM. Cockrill, situated near the city of Nashville—an estate whose acres are numbered by the thousand, whose slaves were once counted by scores? Mack Cockrill being a great slave owner, was of course a leading rebel, and in the very wantonness of wealth wrung from the sweat and toil, and stolen wages of the war to aid Jeff. Davis in overturning the Government.

Are Savannah and Charleston; to the northeast are Wilmington and Richmond. This step is full of daring, but gives, great promise of success, and it may be that this movement will be the crowning feature of the war.

Late private advices from well posted on a private advices from the sweat and toil, and stolen wages of the war. The leading Copperheads in this vicinity in deed look pitiable since the election. They

Who has not heard of the princely estates of Gen. W. D. Harding, who, by means of his property alone, outweighted in influence any other man in Tennessee, no matter what were lar in detail to that above stated. Samuel Medary Dead.
Samuel Medary, for many years editor of the other man in Tennessee, no matter what were that other's worth or wisdom or ability. Harding, too, early espoused the cause of treason, and made it his boast that he had contributed, and directly induced others to approximate the cause of treason, and directly induced others to approximate the cause of treason, and directly induced others to approximate the cause of treason, and directly induced others to approximate the cause of treason, and directly induced others to approximate the cause of treason, and directly induced others to approximate the cause of treason, and directly induced others to approximate the cause of treason, and directly induced others to approximate the cause of treason, and directly induced others to approximate the cause of treason, and directly induced others to approximate the cause of treason, and directly induced others to approximate the cause of treason.

made it his boast that he had contributed, and directly induced others to contribute, millions of dollars in aid to that unholy cause.

These estates suggested to Governor Johnson one of the most forcible points of his speech:

"I am no agrarian," said he: "I wish to see secured to every man, rich or poor, the fruits of his honest industry, effort or toil. I want each man to feel what he has gained by his own skill or talent or exertion, is rightfully his and his alone. But if, through an iniquitous system, a vast amount of wealth has been accumulated in the hands of one man, or a few men, then that result is wrong, and the sooner we can right it the better for all concerned. It is wrong that Mark Cockrill and W. G. Harding, by means of forced and unpaid labor, should have monopolized so large a share of the lands and wealth of Tennessee; and I say if their immense plantations were divided up and parcelled out amongst a number of free, industrious and honest farmers, it would give more good citizens to the Commonwealth, increase the wages of our mechanics, enrich the markets of our city, enlive all the arteries of trade, improve society, and conduce to the greatness and glory of the State."

And thus the Governor discussed the profoundest problems of politics and social life in the presence of the despised blacks of Nashville; in their hearing denounced the grasping and bloated monopoly of their masters; and used the overgrown exists of Realizard Calville. District have arrived at the front. We got here last night. About 200 of us were assigned to the 29th Regiment, O. V. I. The boys all feel well, but are very tired with riding so far on the cars. We have orders to prepare for a fifty days expedition, but we do not know where to or

Treason-This is the malt that lay in th that lay in the house that Jeff built.

Union Party—This is the cat that caught the And thus the Governor discussed the pro-foundest problems of politics and social life in the presence of the despised blacks of Nashville; in their hearing denounced the grasping and bloated monopoly of their masters; and used the overgrown estates of Harding and Cockrill to illustrate his doctrines, in the presence of Harding's and Cockrill's slaves. rat that ate the malt that lay in the house that at the cat that caught the rat that ate the malt that lay in the house that Jeff built. Abraham Lincoln—This is the ox with pointhorns that tossed the dog that barked at the

THE NASHVILLE ARISTCRACT EXPOSED. That portion of the Governor's speech in which he described and denounced the aristocracy of Nashville, I cannot hope to render properly, but there was one point which I must not overlook.

you will permit me almost to swear a little) this damnable aristocracy, taunt us with our desire to see justice done, and charms with our desire population. damnable aristocracy, taunt us with our desire to see justice done, and charge us with favoring negro equality. Of all living men they should be the last to mouth that phrase; and, even when uttered in their hearing, it should cause their cheeks to tinge and burn with shame.—

Negro equality, indeed! Why pass, any day, along the sidewalks of High street where these aristocrats more particularly dwell—these aristocrats, whose sons are now in bands of guerriltocrats, whose sons are now in bands of guerriltocrats. tocrats, whose sons are now in bands of guerrillas and cut throats who prowl and rob and murder around our city—pass by their dwellings,
I say, and you will see as many mulatto as negro children, the former bearing and unmistakable resemblence to their aristocratic owners!

"Colored men of Tennessee! This to a lay "Colored men of Tennessee! This too shall cease! Your wives and daughters shall no long-This State has gone for McClellan, and it is appropriate that it should do so. Kentucky has been a rebel foot-ball ever since the war commenced. She is a fair illustration of the McClellan policy—that policy that runs slavery and the Union neck and neck. So far as the moral result of the Kentucky result is concerned, it is far better that Kentucky should cast her vote

and the Union neck and neck. So far as the moral result of the Kentucky result is concerned, it is far better that Kentucky should cast her vote against Lincoln than for him. The State is not loyal, and had she voted for Mr. Lincoln it would have been claimed as a bayonet triumph. The Democrata are welcome to Kentucky, for she belongs to them until she becomes a loyal State, leving the Union better than slavery.

The Congressional Vete in the 19th District.

Gen. Garfield although re-elected, had a formidable competitor—one Moses of the law firm of Birchard and Moses. Said Moses came within about ninety-five hunheaven.

Moses came within about ninety-five hunheaven.

Moses came within about ninety-five hunheaven.

Sanction to your degradation and your shame!"

"Thank God!" thank God!" came from the lips of a thousand women, who in their own persons had experienced the hellish iniquity of the man-bad experienced the hellish iniqu

and the exclamation was caught up and cheered until the Capitol rung again.

"Ged," continued the speaker, "no doubt has prepared somewhere an instrument for the great work he designs to perform in behalf of this outsided people; and in due time your leader will come forth; your Moses will be revealed to you."

"We want not Moses but you!" again shouted the crowd.

determine for all time whether freedom or slavety in America should be overthrown.

The place was the proud city of the slaveholders, and immediately in front of the haughty Capitol of Tennesaet.

The circumstances was such as exist only amid the throes and struggles of a mighty revolution.

The sudience were men and women who only
three years ago were abject, miserable slaves, for
whom there was apparently no future and no
hope.

The man was he who in a few days was certain to be chosen to the aecond highest office
within the gift of the American people.

ITS KEY NOTE.

And this man, whose views and those of the
President, soon to be re-chosen are known to
be in exact accord, and who from the position he

ed the crowd.

"Well, then," replied the speaker, "humble
and unworthy as I am, if no better shall be found,
I will indeed be your Moses, and lead you
through the Red Sea of War and Bondage, to a
fairer future of liberty and peace. I speak now
as one who feels the world his country, and all
who love equal rights his friend. I speak, too,
as a citizen of Teennssee. I am here on my
own soil; and here I mean to stay and fight
this great battle of truth and justice to a triumphant end. Rebellion and slavery shall, by
God's good help, no longer pollute our State.—
Loyal men, whether white or black, shall alone
control her destinies; and when this strife in
which we are all engaged is past, I trust, I know,
we shall have a better state of things, and shall
all rejoice that honest labor reaps the fruits of
its own industry, and that every man has a
fair chance in the race of life.

It is impossible to describe the unthusiasm

The result of the election in Pennsylvania Oct. 11th, was a substantial Union victory.

The North American of the 7th, gives the name and districts of sixteen members of Congre body, no part of which could move without moving the whole—The State House yard itself, and the great stone wall which seperates it from the street were also througed. Over this vast soldiers vote, but defrauded by Copperhead judges of election, and one Union member elected, but cheated out of his seat. The American says the Union members in the next Congres will do full justice in the matter. Five Copperheads elected in the State. Legally elected Union men, 19: Copperheads, 5. In the present Congress the delegation is equally divided. A gain of nine Union members.

gain of 28 members of the Legislature. No marvel Belmont failed to illuminate ov the result in Pennsylvania. Hall Chicago!

Chicago elects a Union Congressman State Senator and member of Assembly Startling Report from Sherman. By way of Indianapolis we have the startling report that Gen. Sherman has de-stroyed the railroad from Atlanta to Chattanooga, shipped the iron to the latter place, burned Atlanta, left Gen. Thomas with two corps to take care of Hood, and tion, but the bold movement is in keeping with the brilliant military genius of the in-

vincible Sherman. Since the above was put in type we have received the Indianapolis Journal of the 8th. It says:
Officers who arrived in this city yester day, direct from Chattanooga, report that

General Sherman returned to Atlanta early last week, with five corps of his army. having left two corps in Tennessee, under Gen. Thomas to watch Hood. They said that Sherman first destroyed the railroad from Chattanooga to Atlanta, and is now sending the iron to the former city. He had burned Atlata and marched with his entire army in the direction of Charleston.

Before him lies the broad expanse of the gulf and Atlantic States, and he can shape his march to suit his inclinations, for there I am not attempting to repeat the Governor's speech. I had neither note book nor pencil when I listened to him; and if I had both of them I could not have used them in the midst of that closely wedged crowd. I wish only to describe a few of the points in his speech, which made the deepest impression on my mind.

Who has not heard of the great extrator Meak. made the deepest impression on my mind.

Who has not heard of the great estate of Mack

are Savannah and Charleston; to the

quarters at Sherman's front, give an air of

directly induced others to contribute, millions The Herald's Martinsburg corresponde

repulsed by our cavalry under Gregg. enemy expected much from the attack

Conspiracy of the Feating Brotherhood in Toronto.

Startling developments in regard to a secret treasonable body of the Fenian Brotherhood are being made in this city. Secreted arms have been found, and the lead-

would rather give up everything than her child divided. "In politics," said he, mother is the Union party, which will THE LADIES, give up everything rather than submit to

prizes captured by the North Atlantic blockading fleet, is the beautiful paddle wheel steamer Lady Sterling, taken on the 28th ult., as she made her first trip out of Wilmington. She had 980 bales of cotton on board. The vessel and cargo are val-

AFTER General BUTLER put the rebel prisoners under fire at Dutch Gap, the Richmond Whiy said if the Confederate Gov-"Looking at this vast crowd of colored people," continued the Governor, "and reflecting through what a storm of persecution and obloquy they are compelled to pass, I am almost induced to wish that, as in the days of old, a Moses might arise who should lead them safely

THE NAVY OF THE UNITED STATES. The Navy of the United States is becoming very powerful arm of the national defense, and

"We want not Moses but you!" again shout- built by the Navy Department. The additions d the crowd.

"Well, then," replied the speaker, "humble vessels of the first class, which will largely inparties building to compete with the Department. The first three, having the Department's machinery have been thoroughly tried, and can maintain a speed of 11½ knots. There are now nearly completed the wooden iron-clad coast steamers Tonawanda, Montonomah, Agamenticus and Monadnock, of 1564 tons, drawing 12 feet of water, and having two turrets each, carrying two 15-inch purs. The Monadeach by feet of water, and having two turrets each, carrying two 15-inch guns. The Monadnock has been tried, and is found capable of achieving a maximum speed of 11 knots. Four other ironclads of the same type, but larger and faster, being 3,200 tons, are being constructed. The Monitor iron-clads constructed number 34, and have an aggregate tonnage of 78,100. That this powerful navy should have been created within three years, when the means at command were at the beginning only about two dozen machine shops, some of them without tools, machinery or workmen, fitted for the work required, proves how readily the skill of the country can adapt itself to the circumstances required, and how great are the resources of the nation to supply

Historical Dates. On the 10th day October, 1811, says the Baltimore American, the Congress of Chili decreed that every child bern of slave parents after that date should be free. date should be free.

On the 9th day of April, 1812, the Government of Buenos Ayres made a similar decree to take effect on January 1st, 1813.

On the 10th day of July, 1821, the Congress of Columbia emancipated all the slaves who had borne arms in defense of the Republic, and provided for the entire emancipation of its slaves, 280,000 in number, in eighteen years. On the 15th day of September, 1821, Mexico ranted immediate and unconditional emancipe ion to all its slaves. On the 4th of July, 1827, the State of New West India possession.

York emancipated at once its 10,000 slaves. On the 1st of August, 1834, Great Britain ancipated all the slaves, 800,000 in number, On the 12th and 13th of October, 1864, Mary land, not to be outdone by such illustrious ex-amples, nor by the prototypes of Louisiana, Missouri and West Virginia, unconditionally emancipated 17,189 slaves. Which is Right?

Davis' Thanksgiving Proclamation says that God has "vouchsafed" to the Confederacy "many signal victories." The Charleston Mercury says, "Our late military disasters have encouraged the reconstruction ists to raise their heads." Will Jeff and the editor of the Mercury eat the same kind of turkey on Thanksgiving Day? Gen. Custer an Ohio Boy.

The State Journal says: "All hail Ohio! Galfor his splendid part in Sheridan's successive victories in the Valley, is another brave Buckeye soldier boy,—a gative of the Western Reserve. He graduated at West Point as an Ohio Cadet, and was commissioned a Brigadier General as from Ohio, June 29, 1863."

Goon.—The North American says the Navy Department on Saturday received intelligence of the capture of seven blockade runners off Wilmington, and the destruction of four, within the past thirty days.

Andrews Mary Mrs	Marin Carre	
Arnold A Mrs	Moore George Miller Andrew	
Brockselker M	Michael William	
Babcock Alsina Mrs	Monter Joseph	
Bradshaw S J Mrs	Nichola Frederick	
Bainer Andrew	Oldman Austin	
Chapman D Mrs	Perney Levi	
Clapp Robert	Poe H H Mrs	
Clark Mary Miss	Palmer John	
Dannells R Mrs	Parker William	
Davis Wm	Rice Julia Mrs	
Door Isabella Miss	Roed Michael	
Fry Maria Mrs	Reed George	
Fink Samuel	Rugg H J2	
Briar Henry	Ramsey James	
Garber Jacob	Smith Matilda A3	
Grey Maria Miss	Smith Susan Mins	
Greenfelder Lewis Gano J H	Smith C L	
Grove Casper	Smith E D Smith John	
Hyder Charles		
Hader Joseph A	Stoddard Mary Miss Sones G W 2	
Hill David	Seiffert Sarah Miss	
Hayward L. J	Standish C W	
Hutchinson W F	Sall Juliet Mrs	
Iseman Henry	Taylor Delle Mrs	
Johnson Julia Miss	Waters Edith Miss	
Kipe Joshua H	Willson L Miss	
Lendell Elizabeth	Wise Cepes	
Luta Abby	Whitrker Austin	
Lanz Charles	Yancer G W	
Morder Henry2 Martin Andrew	Dates & Co	

vertised letters," and give the date of the list and pay on cent for advertising. If not called for in one mouth they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

H. R. SHOMO, Postmaster. FINAL SETTLEMENT. .

W. M. N. MORGAN, Executor of the estate of Elisha Morgan, deceared, has filed his account in the of-tice of the Probate Court for the final settlement of said estate which will be heard on the 26th day of November, 1864, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day... WM. S. RUSSELI, Probate Judge. November 11, 1864. 46w3* To Whom it May Concern. NOTICE is hereby given to all persons, that I will pay no debts contracted by any one in my name, except on my written order.

on my written order.

AARON W. BARTLETT.

Green Creek, Nov. 7, 1864. 45w3*-FINAL SETTLEMENT. DANIEL OVERMYER, Administrator of the estate of Adam Kuhn, deceased, having filed his accounts in the office of the Probate Court for the final settlement of said estate, which will be heard on the 26th day of November, 1864, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day.

WM. S. RUSSELL, Probate Judge.

Fremont, Nov. 9, 1864. 45w3*

William A. Hill's Estate. JACOB FICKES has been appointed and duly qualified as administrator of the estate of William A. Hill deceased, late of Scott township, Sandusky county, Ohio.—All persons interested will govern themselves accordingly.

JACOB FICKES.

Scott Township, Nov. 5, 1864. 45w3*

Administrator's Sale. THE undersigned, Administrator of Wm. A. Hill's Estate, will sell at the late residence of the deceased in Scott Township, Sandusky county, Ohio, on Wednesday, the 23d day of November, commencing at 10 o'clock A.M., the following property: Seven head Horses, 2 Cows, 8 young Cattle, I Breeding Sow, two 2-borse Wagons, I Mower,
1 Grain Drill; Plows, Drags, and a large number of Farming Utensils.
TERMS.—Nine months credit will be given on all sums
of \$3 and over, with approved security; and all under \$3,
Cash.—JACOB FICKES, Administrator. Scott Township, Nov. 5, 1864, 45w2*

Public Sale. Will, be sold at the residence of the subscriber,

November, Saturday, the 26th day of November, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M., the following property: Fourteen Horses, a lot of Harness, several tone Hay, Plows, Drags, Farming Mills, and a large and good assortment of Farming Utensils, and various other articles. TERMS.—All sums of \$5 and under Cash, over \$5 a Biley township, Nov. 5, 1864. 45w3* C. W. PAGE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC. Insurance, Real Estate and General Collecting Agent for all kinds of War and Patent Claims. CLYDE, - - - - Sandusky county, Ohio.

LASTING CONGRESS GAITERS, of the Rochester manufacture ing Balmorals, Balmoral Congress Boots, Kid and Goat Balmorals, &c., &c., at H. LESHER'S.

S. B. TAYLOR, HOMEOPATRIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. OFFICE-In Vallette's Block, over J. W. Bowlus' Fremont, April 8, 1864.

\$10 to \$20 a Day. GENTS WANTED TO SELL THE IMPROVED A Little Giant Sewing Machine, The best Cheap Machine in the United States. We are giving a commission by which the above wages can be made, or we will employ Agents at \$75 a month and expenses paid. For particulars and terms, address, with stamp.

T. S. PAGE, Gen. Agent,
Oct. 7, 1884. 2mo
Toledo, Ohio. R. S. GLASS, of Ballville, has been appointed Agent for Saudusky, county, of whom Machines can be bought.

ABSTRACT OF THE DUPLICATE of the County Ohio, for the year 1864, with the Part ork
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Rates of Taxation for the year 1864, in the seve of Townships, Towns, &c., in mills on the dol-lar valuation.

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I. OSCAR BALL, Auditor, of Sandusky County, Ohio, do hereby certify, that the above is a correct and complete Abstracted all the property listed for taxation for the year 1864, with the amount of each kind of Tax in each township, and the aggregate amount in the county: that the footings of the columns are correct, as above stated; and that the taxes charged thereon, for the year 1864, amount for State Purposes to thirty-six thousand one hundred and forty-sight dollars, thirty-eight certis and nine mills: for County, Township and all other purposes, to one hundred nineteen thousand one hundred interest thousand one hundred fitty-five thousand six mills; amounting, in the aggregate, including delinquencies, to one hundred fitty-five thousand sine hundred fifty-two dollars seventy-eight certs, and five mills.

I also certify that the rates of taxation annexed are correct, as taken from the records in this office, this second day of November, A. D. 1864.

Fremont, Sandusky County, Ohio. 45w4

Public Sale.

Will be seld at the residence of the subscriber, in Jackson township, 6 miles west of Fremont on Thursday, the 17th day of November, 1864 commencing at 10 o'clock A. M., the following Five Horses, six 2-years old Steers, 2 Hogs, one 2-horse Wagon, one set double Harness. Drags,
Plows, and a lot of Farming Utensils. Also alet
of Corn in the ear, 4 tons Hay, a lat of Straw,
and 10 Sheep.

TERMS—All sums of \$3 and under Cash; over \$3 s.
credit of nine months. Good security required.

G. W. SHAWL.

Jackson township, Nov. 3, 1864. 44w2*

Before you buy you
One Door North of Buckland's D.
One Door North of Buckland's D.
FREMONT, Feb. 18, 1888.

TO ALL THE PEOPLE! DR. DILLON & SON.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED THE LARGEST STOCK, THE BEST QUALITY, and the finest variety of goods in their line, in Northern Ohio. Their large stock of

LEAD, ZINC, OILS, PAINTS, BRUSHES,

every description and variety, is all guaranteed, and

LOWER IN PRICE.

THAN SOLD IN TOLEDO OR CLEVELAND. Artist's Materials, Chemicals, Drugs & Medicines

From the best Manufacturers at home and abroad. CHOICE WINES AND SPIRITS FOR MEDICAL USE ONLY.

WALL PAPER & WINDOW SHADES.

SOME MAGNIFICENT STYLES AND DECIDEDLY THE LARGEST STOCK IN THIS MARKET. JOBBERS AND RETAILERS IN SCHOOL BOOKS, WRITING PAPER AND ENVELOPES, PENS, PENCILS. BLANK BOOKS, COPY BOOKS, INKS, SLATES. The New Barometer Inkstands, a new Invention, very popular with Business Men

Photograph Albums, Superior Style and Finish, NEW DESIGNS AND CLASPS, TITLE PAGE AND INDEX, AT LOWER PRICES THAN ANY OTHERS. PORTFOLIOS FOR SCHOOL GIRLS, AND FOR EVERYBODY. POCKET BOOKS, POCKET MEMO-RANDA, CURRENCY HOLDERS, ALL KINDS, AND

A LARGE STOCK OF PHOTOGRAPHIC PICTURES, Of all the Generals and Great Men generally. PICTURES of Statuary, Fine Engravings, Lithograps, Funny Pictures, &c., &c.

Choice Perfumery, Cosmetics, &c.,

SOME ENTIRELY NEW, OF SURPASSING QUALITY AND STYLE. SUPERIOR TO ANY MANUFACTURED IN THIS COUNTRY.

SOAPS! SOAPS! WE GUARANTEE THESE TO MAINTAIN THEIR HIGH CHARACTER FOR QUALITY AND PERFUME.

POCKET KNIVES, very handsome for Ladies and Gentlemen. Dominoes, Pocket Flasks, new and improved styles. French Blacking, all who have used it testify to its surpassing excellence, nothing like it in the market.

BASKETS.

Ladies Traveling Baskets, Toilet Baskets, Toilet and Stand Baskets, Counter Baskets The Largest Stock in all the country.

BEADS! BEADS! Of all kinds and styles in large abundance.

Brushes. Cloth, Hat, Hair, Flesh, Window, Counter, Horse, White Wash, Kalsomine, Varnish Paint, Sash-tool, Camel-hair, and Artist's Brushes, Piano Dusters, &c.

LAMPS! LAMPS! LANTERNS! LANTERNS COAL OIL, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Our Stock is complete, full, abundant. Many things not room to mention, entirely new in style and great improvements in others. We remain untiring in our efforts to please our customers, and with an earnest desire to benefit all who may patronize us

DR. E. DILLON & SON.

FREMONT, OHIO, 1864.

Home Insurance Company OF NEW YORK.

JANUARY 1, 1864. Cash Capital, \$2,000,000,00 Assets, July 1st, 1864, 3,467,642,67 Liabilities, 51,577,54

Those who insure in this Company can have the feeling of security, by reference to its Large Capital and of being dealt with in the most equitable manner.

Its Losses are Promptly Paid! Its managing efficers have built up in the last eleven rears a Company, unparalleled by any similar one, and secured the reputation of honorable dealing with their patrons.

GHARLES J. MARTIN, President,
A. F. WILMARTH, Vice President. Fremont Aug. 30, 1864.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL LIOUOR HOUSE

Family Grocery Store. and desired the second of the second the leader hand litterly

J. HARRIS; has enlarged his A . CONFECTIONERY SHOP, and increase CANDIES.

He can fill any order from 100 lbs. to 1000 lbs. of CANDIES in from one to twenty-four hours' notice, and warrant it to be unsurpassed by that of any manufacturer either east or west. He uses only the first quality of White Sugar in making his Confectionery. CANDIES, in Rolls, or Lumps, CANDIES, of all flavors, CANDY TOYS, of all kinds, CANDY MOTTOES. CANDIES manufactured to order.

my style the purchaser may desire. BUY your CANDIES of HARRIS BUY your CANDIES of HARRIS. One Door North of Buckland's Drug Store. One Door North of Buckland's Brug Store. One Door North of Buckland's Drug Store.

Fresh Family Groceries, always kept on hand, which will be

Sold at the Lowest Market Prices. You can always find Coffee, Teas, Sugars, Spices, Nuts, Raisins, Fruits (in season,) Fish, Butter, Eggs, Poultry, &c., &c. Fresh No. 1, OYSTERS,

And a thousand other articles which I cannot enum It is universally admitted that to get GOOD Grocer and CHEAP Groceries, you should BUY Groceries of HARRIS. BUY Groceries of HARRIS. BUY Groceries of HARRIS. HARRIS keeps good Groceries. HARRIS has all kinds of Groceries. HARRIS sells Groceries Cheap. One Door North of Buckland's Drug Store.
One Door North of Buckland's Drug Store.
One Door North of Buckland's Drug Store.
FREMONT, OF

maket and promote of UALL and see HARRIS. CALL and see HARRIS. CALL and see HARRIS. Before you sell your FUR! Before you buy your GROCERIES! Before you buy your CANDIES! One Door North of Buckland's Brug Store. One Door North of Buckland's Drug Store. One Door North of Buckland's Drug Sters.

PREMONT, OHIO,

FREMONT, OHIO,

PREMONT, OHIO,

Fremont, Lima & Union Railroad Fall and Winter Arrangement. O's and after Monday, Oct. 31, 1864, trains daily, (Sunday's excepted,) as follows: Leave Fremont, at 11.38 o'clock, A. M. Trains stop only on signal. Passengers by this line reach Findlay several hours is advance of any other routs.

Buy Tickets, via Fremont, in Cleveland and Teledo, at the Ticket Offices of the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad.

Fremont, Oct. 29, 1864.

JOHN BRICKSTW. CLAS

Flax Straw PRICES ADVANCED TO FIFTEEN BOLLARS PER TON for straig in small bundles, averaging 20 inches, main stalk, and and from \$10 to \$14 for that of less length, and \$7 for and from \$10 to \$14 for that of real tangled. All to be dry and in good condition, delivered at the Flax Mill, near Ballville village.

July 29, 1884. McLELLAN & CO.

Farm for Sale. FUR SALE—a Splendid Farm, one milesowth of Fremont, of 122 Acres. 100 acres improved, the balance timber. A good FRAME HOUSE, with 10 rooms, besides Milk Room, Wood House and Celiar. A Grain Barn, Stock Barn, Hay Barn, and Corn House. TWO LIVING SPRINGS, and FIVE durable WELLS, conveniently situated over the Farm. An Orchard of over 200 bearing Apple Trees, also Pear, Feach, Cherry and Flum Trees, and Grape Vines.

40 Acres Timber Land a short distance from the farm, of the best quality, will be seld with it, or in parts to suit purchasers. The Farm is well calculated to divide up into small tracts for Suburban Residences. For past teniars enquire at the farm of J. B. STAHL.

Fremont, Oct. 27, 1864. 431f

Wanted Immediately! At the Sash Factory, On the West side of the River,

2,000 CORDS Of Black Ash and Red Oak Timber. Suitable for making Shingles. 23 A Liberal Price will be puid. Fremont, Oct. 26, 1864. 43mo3 C. EDGERTON.

Wanted Immediately. SOFT TIMBER For which 4 cents per cubic foot will be paid on its delivery at the Depot in Fremont.

For particulars in getting out timber enquire of B. L. JUNE, Fremont. Any Notl Timber will be taken if it can be split.

ont, July 8, 1864, mo6 James Evan's Estate. OTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and duly qualified as Administra-on the estate of James Evans, decayed, late of Scott vaship, Sandusky county, Ohio. All interested with Scott Township, Oct. 24, 1884. 43#0*

For Sale. 35 Acres of Table Land. WRLL LOCATED, and partially Timbered, ing the town plat of Fremont. Enquire of Fremout, September 23, 1864. 38

Tax Notice. THE Treasurer of Sandusky county will attend at his office from and after November 1st, to receive the Taxes for 1864. All taxes due on the 20th December, and which remain unpaid, will be sent out for collection immediately after that date.

Tax payers, who have worked out their Road Taxen must present the Supervisors Receipt for the same, or they will be compelled to pay the Road Taxin money. No money but Gold and Silver, United Status Testany Notes, National Bank Notes, and Ohio Churency will be received in payment of Taxes.

All sums of change under fifty cents, must be made by the Tax payers.

CHAS. G. GREENE. Treasurer's Office, Fremont, Oct. 12, 1864. 41w10